CITY OF LANSING

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

June 30, 2008

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CITY OF LANSING

Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
	(Before January 2008)	
Michael Brennan	Mayor	Jan 2008
William Burke	Mayor Pro tem	Jan 2008
Edward Arnold Richard Roeder Donald Peters Lisa Endres Joe Strobel	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member (Appointed Aug 8, 2007 Elected Nov 6, 2007)	Jan 2008 Jan 2008 Jan 2008 Resigned Jul 16, 2007 Jan 2008
Carolyn Kukes	Clerk	Indefinite
Dianna Moritz	Treasurer	Indefinite
Richard Zahasky	Attorney	Indefinite
	(After December 2007)	
Michael Brennan	Mayor	Jan 2010
Donald Peters	Mayor Pro tem	Jan 2010
Jeffrey Bechtel William Burke David Darling Joe Strobel	Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	Jan 2010 Jan 2010 Jan 2010 Jan 2010
Carolyn Thorsten	Clerk	Indefinite
Dianna Moritz	Treasurer	Resigned Jun 2, 2008
Richard Zahasky	Attorney	Indefinite

Dietz, Donald & Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STEVEN S. CLAUSEN, CPA

124A Main • P.O. Box 359 Elkader, Iowa 52043 (563) 245-2154 • (800) 310-2154

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lansing, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Lansing's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as described in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, as permitted by the Code of Iowa, the accounting records of the City have not been audited for all prior years. Accordingly, we were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the distributions by activity of the cash basis net assets and by fund of the cash balances at July 1, 2007.

In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to verify the distribution by activity of the cash basis net assets and by fund of the cash balances at July 1, 2007, as discussed in the preceding

paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lansing as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2008, on our consideration of the City of Lansing's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance with the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 6 through 13 and 25 through 26 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lansing's Other supplementary information included basic financial statements. in Schedules 1 through 4, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had we been able to verify the distribution by fund of the cash balances at July 1, 2007, as it related to Schedule 1, as discussed in the third paragraph, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

November 20, 2008 Elkader, Iowa

Dietz Donald & Company Certified Public Accountants

FEIN 42-1172392

CITY OF LANSING

201 John Street, P. O. Box 470 LANSING IA 52151-0470

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Lansing provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow. Please keep in mind, however, that information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 has not been subjected to audit.

2008 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Receipts of the City's governmental activities increased 2.3%, or approximately \$ 21,000 from fiscal 2007 to fiscal 2008. Property tax increased approximately \$ 32,000, and other city taxes decreased by \$ 7,600.

Disbursements of the City's governmental activities decreased 21.1%, or approximately \$ 218,000 in fiscal 2008 from fiscal 2007. Public works and culture and recreation disbursements decreased approximately \$ 174,000 and \$ 79,000 respectively, while public safety disbursements increased approximately \$ 32,000.

The City's total cash basis net assets increased 49.3%, or approximately \$ 208,000 from June 30, 2007 to June 30, 2008. Of this amount, the assets of the governmental activities increased approximately \$ 66,000 and the assets of the business type activities increased approximately \$ 142,000.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statement consists of a Statement of Activities and Net Assets. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various federal programs benefiting the City.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

REPORTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statement

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information which helps answer this question.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets is divided into two kinds of activities:

Governmental Activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government and debt service. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business Type Activities include the waterworks and the sanitary sewer system. These activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has two kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: 1) the General Fund, 2) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Road Use tax and Local Option Sales Tax and 3) the Debt Service Fund. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statement for governmental funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

2) Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains two Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water and sewer funds, considered to be major funds of the City.

The required financial statement for proprietary funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements and changes in cash balances.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The City's cash balance for governmental activities increased sharply from a year ago, increasing from \$ 267,000 to \$ 333,000. The analysis that follows focuses on the changes in cash basis net assets from governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands)

	Year Ended	June 30,
	2008	2007
Receipts:		
Program receipts:	+ 400	
Charges for service	\$ 199	207
Operating grants, contributions and	110	115
restricted interest	112	115
General receipts:	F.O.F.	/ 0.0
Property tax	525	492 80
Local option sales tax	73	
Unrestricted interest on investments	9	12
Other general receipts	13	4
Total receipts	931	910
Disbursements:		
Public safety	180	147
Public works	226	400
Health and social services	1	-
Culture and recreation	151	230
Community and economic development	3	. 3
General government	100	89
Debt service	156	165
Total disbursements	817	1,034
Change in cash basis net assets before transfers	114	(124)
Transfers, net	(48)	8
Change in cash basis net assets	66	(116)
Cash basis net assets beginning of year	267	383
Cash basis net assets end of year	\$ 333	267

The City's total receipts for governmental activities increased 2.3%, or approximately \$ 21,000. The cost for all programs decreased approximately \$ 217,000, or 21.1%. The significant decrease in disbursements was due to \$ 180,000 being spent on a street construction project (public work) in 2007 and only \$ 33,000 being spent in the culture and recreation function in 2008 as compared to \$ 114,000 in 2007.

City property tax receipts decreased approximately \$ 8,000 in 2008. Property taxes are budgeted to increase less than \$ 16,000 in 2009.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 817,000 compared to \$ 1.034 million last year. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities and Net Assets on page 15, the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities was only \$ 506,000 because some of the cost was paid by those directly benefited from the programs (\$199,000) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants, contributions and restricted interest (\$ 112,000). Overall the program receipts, including governmental activities intergovernmental aid and fees for service, decreased in 2008 from approximately \$ 322,000 to approximately \$ 311,000. The City paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with approximately \$ 598,000 in tax (some of which could only be used for certain programs) and other receipts, such as interest and general entitlements.

Changes	in	Cash	Basis	Net	Assets	of	Business	Type	Activities
			(Exp	ress	ed in	Thot	ısands)		

Receipts: Program receipts: Charges for service: Water \$ 161 177 Sewer 238 249 Capital grants 368 General receipts: Unrestricted interest on investments 8 4 Bond and note proceeds 1,403 410 Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: Water 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30 Cash basis net assets end of year \$ 296 154		Year Ended	June 30,
Program receipts: Charges for service: Water \$ 161 177 Sewer 238 249 Capital grants 368 General receipts: Unrestricted interest on investments 8 4 Bond and note proceeds 1,403 410 Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: Water 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Change in cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30		2008	2007
Charges for service: Water \$ 161 177 Sewer 238 249 Capital grants 368 General receipts: Unrestricted interest on investments 8 4 Bond and note proceeds 1,403 410 Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: Water 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Receipts:		
Water \$ 161 177 Sewer 238 249 Capital grants 368 General receipts:			
Sewer 238 249 Capital grants 368 General receipts: 368 Unrestricted interest on investments 8 4 Bond and note proceeds 1,403 410 Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: 342 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30		4 77	1 7 7
Capital grants 368 General receipts: Unrestricted interest on investments 8 4 Bond and note proceeds 1,403 410 Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: 368 44 Water 2,173 840 Sewer 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Water	•	
General receipts: Unrestricted interest on investments 8 4 Bond and note proceeds 1,403 410 Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: Water 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30			249
Unrestricted interest on investments 8	Capital grants	368	
## Bond and note proceeds	General receipts:		
Total receipts 2,178 840 Disbursements: 30 Water Sewer 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Unrestricted interest on investments	ū	
Disbursements: 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Bond and note proceeds	1,403	410
Water 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Total receipts	2,178	840
Water 142 559 Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Dishursements:		
Sewer 1,942 149 Total disbursements 2,084 708 Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30		142	559
Change in cash basis net assets before transfers 94 132 Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	.,	1,942	149
Transfers, net Change in cash basis net assets Change in cash basis net assets Cash basis net assets beginning of year 142 124 154 154	Total disbursements	2,084	708
Transfers, net 48 (8) Change in cash basis net assets 142 124 Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Change in cash basis net assets before transfers	94	132
Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30		48	(8)
Cash basis net assets beginning of year 154 30	Change in cash basis net assets	142	124
Cash basis net assets end of year \$ 296 154	=	154	30
	Cash basis net assets end of year	\$ 296	154

Total business type activities receipts for the fiscal year were \$ 2.178 million compared to \$ 840,000 last year. This significant increase was due primarily to receipt of \$ 1.403 million in state revolving loan funds. Total disbursements for the year increased by \$ 1.376 million due mainly to work on the wastewater treatment facility.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND ANALYSIS

As the City of Lansing completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined balance of \$ 332,960, an increase of over \$ 66,000 above last year's total of \$ 266,840. The following are the major reasons for the changes in fund balances of the major funds from the prior year.

The General Fund cash balance decreased \$ 5,059 from the prior year to \$ 192,518.

The Special Revenue, Local Option Sales Tax Fund, increased \$ 70,188 to \$ 114,902. Only \$ 6,727 of sales tax receipts were disbursed in 2008. These funds can be used for repair, replacement or extension of water mains, sewer mains and streets.

The Debt Service Fund cash balance increased \$ 1,509 to \$ 5,319 during the fiscal year. Property tax receipts increased \$ 4,241 in fiscal 2008, while bond principal and interest payments decreased \$ 9,736.

INDIVIDUAL MAJOR BUSINESS TYPE FUND ANALYSIS

The Water Fund cash balance increased \$ 104,806 to \$ 154,997 due primarily to no major construction projects occurring in the water utility in fiscal 2008.

The Sewer Fund cash balance increased by \$ 36,848 to \$ 141,014 due primarily to loan and grant proceeds exceeding construction costs by \$ 6,500 and cash profit exceeding debt service requirements by \$ 30,000.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's receipts were \$ 27,965 more than budgeted.

Total disbursements were \$ 1,270,856 less than budgeted. The actual disbursements for the business type activities function were \$ 833,072 less than budgeted. This was primarily due to a portion of the wastewater treatment facility being carried into fiscal 2009. The City exceeded the amount budgeted in the health and social service function by \$ 250.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2008, the City had \$ 2,408,274 in bonds and notes outstanding, compared to \$ 1,213,615 last year, as shown below

Outstanding Debt at Year-End (Expressed in Thousands)								
				June 3	30,			
				2008	2007			
General obl	igation note	es.		\$ 420	555			
Revenue bon	ds			1,988	659			
				\$ 2,408	1,214			

Debt increased as a result of issuing revenue bonds for the wastewater treatment facility.

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can carry to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$ 420,000 is significantly below its constitutional debt limit of \$ 2,520,000.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The City of Lansing's elected and appointed officials and citizens considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2009 budget, tax rates and fees charged for various City activities. Population over the last 30 years decreased by 206, nearly 17%. However, taxable valuations increased by nearly \$ 1,700,000, over a 5.5% increase. Because of demand for recreational property, this trend should continue. The wastewater treatment facility will be completed in fiscal 2009.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the budget for fiscal year 2009. Amounts available for appropriation in the operating budget are \$ 2.119 million, a decrease of 49.3% from the 2008 budget. Property taxes are budgeted to increase \$ 15,958. The tax levy rate actually decreased 2.5%. Loans and grants are budgeted to decrease by over \$ 1,778,000. Disbursements are budgeted to decrease by approximately \$ 2.1 million as the majority of the wastewater treatment facility was completed in 2008.

If these estimates are realized the City's budgeted cash balance is expected to increase approximately \$ 29,000 by the close of 2009.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Carolyn Thorston, City Clerk, 201 John Street, Lansing, Iowa 52151-0470.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LANSING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2008

General Receipts: Property and other city tax levied for: General purposes Debt service Local option sales tax Unrestricted interest on investments Bond proceeds Miscellaneous Sale of assets Sale of assets Change in cash basis net assets before transfers Change in cash basis net assets	Public works Health and social services Gulture and recreation Community and economic development General government Debt service Total governmental activities Business type activities: Watter Sewer Total business type activities	Distructions/Programs: Governmental activities: Public safety
for: transfers	226,133 1,515 151,069 3,036 99,829 155,532 816,670 142,166 1,942,312 2,084,478	Disbursements
	66,697 123,809 123,809 6,898 199,142 160,690 238,368 399,058	Charges for Service
	3,408 3,408 4,516 1,873 111,761	Program Receipts Operating Grants, Gontributions and Restricted Interest
•	368,344	Capital Grants, Grants Contributions and Restricted Interest
369,360 155,168 72,723 9,452 5,936 7,404 620,043 114,276 (48,156) 66,120 266,840 \$ 332,960 \$ 332,960 \$ 332,960	(15,15) (1,515) (23,852) (3,036) (88,415) (153,659) (153,659)	Net (Disburs Changes in C Changes in C Governmental B Activities (162,555)
7,914 1,402,660 1,410,574 93,498 48,156 141,654 154,357 296,011	18,524 (1,335,600)	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets rnmental Business Type tylties Activities Tot (162,555) - (16
369,360 155,168 72,723 17,366 1,402,660 5,936 7,404 2,030,617 207,774 421,197 628,971 628,971		Assets Total (162,555)

Exhibit B

CITY OF LANSING
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS
AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total cash basis fund balances		Special revenue funds	General fund	Unreserved:	Reserved for debt service	One Book Find British	Cash balances end of year	Cash balances beginning of year	Net change in cash balances	sources (uses):	Total other financing	Operating transfers out	Operating transfers in	Sale of capital assets	Other financing sources (uses):	Excess of receipts over disbursements	Total disbursements	Debt service .	General government	development	Community and economic	Culture and recreation	Health and social services	Public works	Public safety	Operating:	Dishursements:	Total receipts	Miscellaneous -	Special assessments	Charges for service	Intergovernmental	Use of money and property	Licenses and permits	Other city tax	Property tax	Receipts:				
\$ 192,518		ı	192,518				\$ 192,518	197,577	(5,059)	(32,607)		(58,156)	18,145	7,404		27,548	462,156	,	87,833	3,036	1	137,548	1,515	96,179	136,045			489,704	18,759	173	87,498	16,783	99,299	2,275	1	\$ 264,917		General			
114,902		114,902			ı		114,902	44,714	70,188							70,188	6,727	:				1	,	6,727				76,915	1	1,728		1	2,464		72,723			Sales Tax	Local	Revenue	Special
5,319	t	1	•		5,319		5,319	3,810	1,509	1		1	1	1		1,509	155,532	155,532				1	•	ı	ı			157,041	1	ı			1,873			155,168		Service	# #		
20,221	4,795	15,426			ι		20,221	20,739	(518)	(8,145)		(8,145)		1		7,627	192,255		966 TT			13,521	,	123,22/	43,511	!		199,882	8,595	,	•	86,/OL	143		1	104,443		Nonmajor			
332,960	4,795	130,328	192,518		5,319		332,960	266,840	66,120	(40,752)		(66,301)	18,145	7,404		106,872	816,6/0	250,532	628 66	0,000	3	K00,1CT	151 060	226,133	1/9,556	1		923,542	27,354	T.901	8/,498	784, CUI	TO3,//9	2,2/3	72,723	524,528		Total			

CITY OF LANSING STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES PROPRIETARY FUNDS

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Enterprise						
	Water	Sewer	Total				
Operating receipts: Charges for service	\$ 160,690	238,368	399,058				
Operating disbursements: Business type activities	95,573	136,570	232,143				
Excess (deficiency) of operating receip over (under) operating disbursements	ts 65,117	101,798	166,915				
Non-operating receipts (disbursements): Intergovernmental Interest on investments Revenue bond proceeds Debt service Capital projects	3,399 29,784 (36,714) (9,879)	368,344 4,515 1,372,876 (71,009) (1,734,733)	368,344 7,914 1,402,660 (107,723) (1,744,612)				
Net non-operating receipts (disbursements)	(13,410)	(60,007)	(73,417)				
Excess of receipts over disbursements	51,707	41,791	93,498				
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	58,099 (5,000)	57 (5,000)	58,156 (10,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in cash balances Cash balances beginning of year	53,099 104,806 50,191	(4,943) 36,848 104,166	48,156 141,654 154,357				
Cash balances end of year	\$ 154,997	141,014	296,011				
Cash Basis Fund Balances Unreserved	\$ 154,997	141,014	296,011				

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF LANSING

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2008

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Lansing is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in Allamakee County. It was first incorporated in 1867 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City provides numerous services to citizens, including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, and general government services. The City also provides water and sewer utilities for its citizens.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City of Lansing has included funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions authorities. The City has also considered all potential component is financially accountable and other for which it organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its that organization or (2) the potential on organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The City participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Allamakee County Assessor's Conference Board, Allamakee County Emergency Management Commission, Allamakee County Joint E911 Service Board and Allamakee County Economic Development and Tourism Commission.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statement - The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information on all of the nonfiduciary For the most part, the effect of activities of the City. from this statement. interfund activity has been removed supported activities, which are bу Governmental intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business. type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's nonfiduciary net assets. Net assets are reported in two categories:

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the preceding category. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the sales tax receipts of the City.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Lansing maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2008, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the health and social services function.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The City's deposits in banks at June 30, 2008 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of

deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The City has no investments meeting the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 3.

(3) Bonds and Notes Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds and revenue notes are as follows:

Year	General Ob	ligation								
Ending	Ending Bonds		Revenue	Notes	Total					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2009	\$ 140,000	15,015	76,000	88,710	216,000	103,725				
2010	70,000	9,765	78,000	86,430	148,000	96,195				
2011	70,000	7,525	80,000	84,090	150,000	91,615				
2012	70,000	5,145	83,000	81,690	153,000	86,835				
2013	70,000	2,625	85,000	79,200	155,000	81,825				
2014-2018	- ,	-	468,000	355,980	468,000	355,980				
2019-2023	.=	-	541,000	281,550	541,000	281,550				
2024-2028	_	-	552,000	196,500	552,000	196,500				
2029-2033	_	-	520,000	118,800	520,000	118,800				
2034-2037			474,000	36,090	474,000	36,090				
Total	\$ 420,000	40,075	2,957,000	1,409,040	3,377,000	1,449,115				

The revenue notes were issued from the State Revolving Fund of Iowa Finance Authority. At June 30, 2008, the City had \$ 968,726 remaining on their \$ 3,050,000 line of credit with Iowa Finance Authority.

(4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 3.90% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 6.05% of covered salary. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are determined by state statute. The City's contribution to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$ 18,741 equal to the required contribution for the year.

(5) Compensated Absences

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned by unused vacation, sick leave and personal hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement or death. These accumulations are not recognized by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned vacation, sick leave and personal payments payable to employees at June 30, 2008, primarily relating to the General Fund, is as follows:

Type of Benefit	Amount
Vacation	\$ 11,000
Sick leave	60,000
Personal	1,000
Comp time	3,000
Total	\$ 75,000

This liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2008.

(6) Interfund Transfers

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2008, is as follows:

Transfer to	Transfer from	Amount
General	Special Revenue: Emergency	\$ 8,145
	Enterprise: Water Sewer	5,000 5,000 18,145
Enterprise: Water Sewer Total	General General	58,099 57 \$ 76,301

Transfers generally move resources from the fund statutorily required to collect the resources to the fund statutorily required to disburse the resources.

(7) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The City assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

(8) Commitments

Construction Contract - The City has entered into a construction contract with an outstanding balance of \$ 781,999 at June 30, 2008. This contract will be financed with the remaining \$ 922,724 line of credit from the State Revolving Fund.

(9) Subsequent Events

In September, 2008, the City entered into a construction contract totaling \$ 168,925 for a marina improvement project. In August, 2008 the City passed a loan agreement for \$ 250,000 to finance the project.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

CITY OF LANSING BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2008

Balances end of year	Excess of receipts and other financing sources over disbursements and other financing uses Balances beginning of year	Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements Other financing sources, net	Total disbursements	Business type activities	Daht service	Congress comment	Community and economic development	Culture and recreation	Health and social services	Public works	Disbursements:	דחרפד דפכפדמנה	30 ty 1 type 2 type 3 t	Miscellaneous	Special assessments	Charges for service	Intergovernmental	He of money and property	Tipenses and permits	Other city tax	Receipts: Property tax				
÷	l											i									s>			Gov	
332,960	66,120 266,840	106,872 (40,7 <u>52)</u>	816,670	, 	155,532	99,829	3,036	151,069	1,515	226,133	179,556		923.542	27,354	1,901	87,498	103,484	103,779	2,275	72,723	524,528	Actual	Funds	Governmental	
296,011	141,654 154,357	(1,309,162) 1,450,816	2,084,478	2,084,478	ı	•	1		•	t	1		775,316		•	399,058	368,344	7,914			ı	Actual	Funds	Proprietary	
628,971	207,774 421,197	(1,202,290) 1,410,064	2,901,148	2,084,478	155,532	99,829	3,036	151,069	1,515	226,133	179,556		1,698,858	27,354	1,901	486,556	471,828	111,693	2,275	72,723	524,528	Total			
219,740	(1,111) 220,851	(2,501,111) 2,500,000	4,172,004	2,917,550	155,533	115,250	3,036	193,950	1,265	313,220	472,200	!	1,670,893	318,000	3,500	558,720	101,100	85,350	6,300	88,612	509,311	Amounts	Budgeted	•	
409,231	208,885 200,346	1,298,821 (1,089,936)	1,270,856	833,072	1	15,421		42,881	(250)	87,087	292,644		27,965	(290,040)	(1,599)	(72,164)	3/0,/28	26,343	(4,025)	(LU,007)	15,217	Variance	LO TOLAT	Amounts	Budgeted

CITY OF LANSING

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING

June 30, 2008

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund. These ten functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, business type activities and non-program. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, the Capital Projects Funds, the Permanent Fund and the Proprietary Funds. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the health and social services function.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LANSING
SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS
AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	ro.	Special Revenue			
	Road	ļ			
	Use		Employee	Capital	70 7 2 1
	Täx	Pillet Rent A	DCRCT- CO		
Receipts:	•	ρ 1/s	806 90	ı	104.443
Property cax	٠	1 1		143	143
Tetomorphis and property	86.701	,	1		86,701
Miscellaneous	1	J	8,595	ı	8,595
Total receipts	86,701	8,145	104,893	143	199,882
Disbursements:					
Operating:	ı	1	43.511	ı	43,511
Public warks	89,023	1	34,204	ı	123,227
Gulture and recreation	,	•	13,521	ı	13,521
General government	,	,	11,770		2000
Total disbursements	89,023	 	103,232		192,255
Excess (deficiency) of receipts over (under) disbursements	(2,322)	8,145	1,661	143	7,627
Other financing uses: Oneraring transfers out	ı	(8,145)	1	,	(8,145)
Net change in cash balances	(2,322)	1	1,661	143	(518)
Cash balances beginning of year	8,877	ļ	7,210	4,652	20,739
Cash balances end of year	\$ 6,555	1	8,871	4,795	20,221
Cash Basis Fund Balances					
Special revenue funds Capital projects fund	\$ 6,555	, ,	8,871	4,795	15,006 4,795
Total cash basis fund	s 6,555		8,871	4,795	20,221
2016000					

CITY OF LANSING SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS Year Ended June 30, 2008

Total	March	Revenue bonds: Sewer	TOCAL		Corporate purpose Series 2002	Corporate purpose Series 1998	General obligation notes:	Obligation
	1	Sep 6, 2007			Nov 1, 2002	Sep 1, 1998	!	Date of Issue
		3.00% 3.00			2.75%-3.75%	4.45%-4.50%		Interest Rates
		\$ 2,500,000 550,000			615,000	\$ 925,000		Amount Originally Issued
0.0000	\$ 658 615	\$ 204,400 454,215		\$ 555,000	420,000	135,000		Balance Beginning of Year
2000	1.402.659	1,372,876 29,783		1		ı		Issued During Year
	73.000	52,000 21,000		135,000	70,000	65,000		Redeemed During Year
	1,988,274	1,525,276 462,998	j	420,000	350,000	70,000		Balance End of Year
	27,098	12,759 14,339		19,833	13,790	6,043		Interest

30

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

CITY OF LANSING BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES June 30, 2008

drawn down 2008 Total	Year Ending June 30, 2009 2010 2011 2015 2015 2015 2016 2017 2018 2018 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2022 2022 2022 2023 2026 2026 2026	Year Ending June 30, 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 70tal
down at June 30, al	Rates 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.0	Gorporate Sep 1. Interest Rates 4.50%
\$ 462,998	Amount 9 22,005 22,000 223,00 225,000	General Purpose 1998 Amount \$ 70,000
	Revenue Bonds Issued Section	0bligation Corpozy Nov Interest Rates 3.00% 3.20 3.40 3.60 3.75
(922,724) \$ 1,525,276	Sewer 54,000 \$ 54,000 56,000 57,000 63,000 67,000 77,000 77,000 77,000 82,000 82,000 82,000 101,000 111,000 111,000 111,000 111,000 111,000 112,000 2,448,000	Notes 1. 2002 Amount \$ 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 9 350,000
(968,726) \$ 1,988,274	Total 78,000 78,000 80,000 85,000 85,000 91,000 94,000 91,000 115,000	Total 140,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 70,000 420,000

Schedule 3

CITY OF LANSING SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2008

Grantor/Program	CFDA Number	Agency Pass-through Number	Program Expenditures
Indirect:			
U.S. Department of Housing and			
Urban Development: Iowa Department of Economic			
Development:			
Community Development			
Block Grants/State's	14.228	06-WS-056	\$ 359,152
Program	14.220	00-WB 050	ψ 557,152
U.S. Environmental Protection			
Agency:			
Iowa Finance Authority:			·
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State			•
Revolving Funds	66.458	CS 192305-1	308,018
Total			\$ 667,170

Basis of Presentation - The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Lansing and is presented in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Dietz, Donald & Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STEVEN S. CLAUSEN, CPA

124A Main • P.O. Box 359 Elkader, Iowa 52043 (563) 245-2154 • (800) 310-2154

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lansing, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2008. Our report on the financial statements, which were prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting, expressed qualified opinions since we were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the distribution by activity of the cash basis net assets and by fund of the cash balances at July 1, 2007. Except as noted in the Independent Auditor's Report, we conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lansing's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lansing's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lansing's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent and detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City of Lansing's

ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with an other comprehensive basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of the City of Lansing's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City of Lansing's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City of Lansing's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above, item II-A-08, is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Lansing's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of noncompliance or other matters that are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2008 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those matters.

The City of Lansing's responses to findings in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we have expressed our conclusions on the City's responses, we did not

audit the City of Lansing's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Lansing and other parties to whom the City of Lansing may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City of Lansing during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Elkader, Iowa

November 20, 2008

Dietz, Donald & Company, CPAs

FEIN 42-1172392

Dietz, Donald & Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

STEVEN S. CLAUSEN, CPA

124A Main • P.O. Box 359 Elkader, Iowa 52043 (563) 245-2154 • (800) 310-2154

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the City of Lansing, Iowa, with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The City of Lansing's major federal programs are identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Lansing's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Lansing's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards, and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Lansing's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City of Lansing's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Lansing complied, in all material respects with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City of Lansing is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with

requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Lansing's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lansing's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in the City's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Lansing and other parties to whom the City of Lansing may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Elkader, Iowa

November 20, 2008

Dietz, Donald and Company, CPAs

FEIN 42-1172392

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) Qualifed opinons were issued on the financial statements which were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; because we were unable to satisfy ourselves as to the distribution by activity of the cash basis net assets and by fund of the cash balances at July 1, 2007.
- (b) A significant deficiency in internal control was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, which was considered to be a material weakness.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) No significant deficiencies in internal control over the major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to the major programs.
- (f) The audit disclosed no findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) The major programs were CFDA Number 66.458 Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds and CFDA Number 14.228-Community Development Block Grants/State's Programs.
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$ 300,000.
- (i) The City of Lansing did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Part II: Findings Realted to the Financial Statements:

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

II-A-08 - Financial Reporting - As is common in small organizations, the City does not prepare its financial statements, complete with notes, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the City is unable to, and has not established internal controls over the preparation of financial statements.

Recommendation - As part of the audit, we have been requested to prepare a draft of the City's financial statements, including related notes. The City then performs a review of the financial statements. However, in order to provide improved oversight of the financial preparation services and implement controls over the financial reporting process, the City should establish review policies and procedures including the performance of some or all of the following:

- (1) Review the adequacy of financial statement disclosures.
- (2) Review and approve schedules and calculations supporting amounts included in the notes to the financial statements.
- (3) Apply analytical procedures to the draft financial statements.
- (4) Apply other procedures as considered necessary by the City.

Response - We will consider this.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE

No matters were noted.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

No matters were noted.

- Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:
- IV-A-08- Certified Budget Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2008, exceeded the amounts budgeted in the health and social services function. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, "Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation."

Recommendation - The budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

Response - We will amend the budget, as necessary in the future.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- IV-B-08- Questionable Disbursements No disbursements that we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- IV-C-08- Travel Expense No disbursements of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- IV-D-08- Business Transactions No business transactions between City and City officials or employees were noted.
- IV-E-08- Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- IV-F-08- Council Minutes No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.

Although minutes of Council proceedings were published, they were not always published within fifteen days as required by Chapter 372.13(6) of the Code of Iowa.

Recommendation - The City should publish minutes as required.

Response - We will publish minutes as required.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- IV-G-08- Deposits and Investments No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- IV-H-08- Revenue Bonds The City has complied with the provisions of the revenue and bond resolutions.